Date: Unit 3: Solving Equations

THINK ABOUT IT	shape below is a square		
2/4x-1	= 3x + 8 both side, are a	anal	
3x+8	- 3x +8 eliminate 3x	from right side	
-3x	-3x	. 0	
2(4x-1) 5x-2			
+2	+2 - ⁽¹⁾		
X	$= 2$ $2(4 \cdot 2 \cdot 1)$		
SOLVING EQUATIONS WITH	FRACTIONS	Stone	
$6_{x} 2_{y} 6_{x} 2_{y} = \frac{6 \times 2}{6 \times 2} 6_{y} 2_{y} \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{2}{2}$		1. Determine the Lowest Common	
$\overline{3} = \overline{1} \overline{3} \overline{3} \overline{1} \overline{3} \overline{3} \overline{1} \overline{3} \overline{1} \overline{3} \overline{3} \overline{1} \overline{1} \overline{3} \overline{1} \overline{1} \overline{3} \overline{1} \overline{1} \overline{3} \overline{1} $		2. Multiply every term by LCD	
$= \frac{6 \times 2}{1 \times 2} = 4$	3 =4	3. solve for x	
$\frac{1 \times 3}{2 \times 2} = 2 \times 2$			
x = 1 2 13 $ACD = 4$	Your Turn x^2 , x^2	$h) \frac{x}{x} + \frac{x}{x} - \frac{1}{x} - \frac$	
2 3 8		4^{+}	
3. x - 2.1=1.13	2.K-18=3.7 simplify	1 x + 2 x = 24 Dimplity	
3		N 1 9 N - 9 H	
$3x - 2 = 13$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{3}$	$2 \times -18 = 21$ + 18 + 18	$\chi \neq 2\chi = 2\psi$	
+ 2 + 3	2. 20	$\frac{3x}{3} = \frac{2y}{3}$	
$\frac{\partial x}{\partial x} = \frac{15}{3}$	$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{39}{2}$		
3 5	39 10 1	~ = 8	
	$x = \frac{3}{2} \frac{3}{2} \frac{3}{2}$		
$\frac{1}{2}$ (x - 4) $\frac{1}{2}$ (x - 3) * Add Row	(5x+13)	$b \leq 1 + \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2$	
2 3 -100 54	$a_{10} = 10$	$b) = \frac{1}{3} (x+4) = \frac{1}{5} (x+2)$	
3(x-4) = 2(x-3)	$2(5x+y) = 1 \cdot (5x+y)$	5(y+y) = 3(y+y)	
$\Im(\widehat{x}-\widehat{u})=\Im(\widehat{x}-3)$	The second	starte starte	
3x - 12 = 2x - 6 -2x -2x	$\lambda(3x+y) = (3x+1)$	57x+(1) - 3(x+2)	
x - 12 = -6	5x -5x	5x+20=3x+6	
x = 6	5x + 8 = 13	-3× -3×	
	-8-8	2x + 20 = 10 -20 -20	
	$\frac{2\times}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$	2x = -14	
	x = 1		
		x = -+	

MPM1D Day 4: Solving Equations with Fractions

What do you get when you cross an absent minded elephant with a small flea?

 $\frac{\textbf{A}}{\frac{1}{2}} \xrightarrow{\textbf{F}} \underbrace{\textbf{O}}_{\frac{9}{4}} \underbrace{\textbf{R}}_{\frac{17}{15}} \underbrace{\textbf{O}}_{\frac{30}{7}} \underbrace{\textbf{F}}_{-2} \underbrace{\textbf{T}}_{1} \underbrace{\textbf{M}}_{23} \underbrace{\textbf{E}}_{-2} \underbrace{\textbf{G}}_{\frac{30}{7}} \underbrace{\textbf{M}}_{5} \underbrace{\textbf{A}}_{\frac{1}{2}} \underbrace{\textbf{T}}_{1}$

1. Solve each equation below on a separate sheet of paper and find the solution in the code. Each time the solution appears, write the letter of that exercise above it.

	Wha	t do you get when you cross a shark with a snowball?
	4	$-\frac{\lambda}{-\frac{17}{15}} \frac{\lambda}{9} \frac{\lambda}{4} \frac{11}{12} \frac{1}{1} - \frac{5}{4} \frac{\lambda}{20} \frac{1}{1} - \frac{2}{2}$
$3 \cdot x = 2 \cdot 2 x$	3•2 5.4 5.1	<u> </u>
$G] \stackrel{\bullet}{\bullet} \frac{x}{2} + \stackrel{\bullet}{\bullet} \frac{2x}{3} = 6.5 1 \subset D = 6$	$M]^{5} \frac{2}{5}x - \frac{5}{2} = \frac{5}{2}x + \frac{5}{5}$	$I^{b} = \frac{\pi}{5} - \frac{\pi}{2} = b_6 \lambda C D = b_6$
$3 \cdot \kappa + 2 \cdot 2x = 30$ Simplify	$3 \cdot 2x - 5 \cdot 4 = 5 \cdot 1x + 3 \cdot 1$	2.9x - 5.3x = 10.6
3x + 4x = 30	6x - 20 = 5x + 3	18x-15x=60
$\frac{7x}{7} = \frac{3x}{7}$	x - 20 = 3	$3 \times = 60$
$x = \frac{30}{7}$	× = 23	x = 20
$B_{14}^{4} + \frac{3}{14}k + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{4}{7} + \frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{2}k + \frac{1}{7}$	$[0]^{4} \frac{n}{4} - \frac{3}{2} \frac{3}{2} = \frac{1}{16} \frac{-15}{16}$	$R_{4}^{20} - \frac{x}{4} - \frac{x}{2} + \frac{x}{4} = \frac{x}{4} - \frac{x}{5}$
3k +10 = 8 +7k +7	4n - 24 = -15	5x - 40 + 15 = 20x - 8
3K+10 = 15+7K	+ 24 + 24	5x - 25 = 20x - 8
-3k -3k	$\frac{4n}{4} = \frac{9}{4}$	
-15 - 15 + 412	$\left[\Lambda = 9/ \right]$	+ 8 +8
$\frac{-5}{4} = \frac{4k}{4}$		$\frac{-17}{15} = \frac{15x}{15}$
$\frac{-5}{4} - k \boxed{k = -\frac{5}{4}}$		- <u>17</u> =x
$s_{1}^{2} = \frac{a}{2} + \frac{b}{2} = \frac{5}{2} + $	$N = \frac{4x}{3} - \frac{4x}$	A] $\frac{3x}{4}$ $-\frac{3x}{4}$ $+\frac{3x}{4}$ $+\frac{3x}{5}$
2a + 10 = 21	$2 \cdot 4x - 2 \cdot x - 3 \cdot 1 = 3 \cdot 9$	$2 \cdot 3x - 2 \cdot 1 + 4 \cdot x = 1 \cdot 3$
-10 -10	8x - 2x - 3 = 27	6x - 2 + 4x = 3
$\frac{2q}{2} = \frac{11}{2}$	6x - 3 = 27	10x - 2 = 3 +2 + 2
a - (/	$\frac{6x}{2} = \frac{30}{2}$	lox = 5
	X = 5	x= 2 x= 1
3.1 6.4 2 1 1 1	4. 24 3. 54 4.2 2.11	
$F_{1}^{4} = \frac{1}{10}m + \frac{4}{5} - \frac{1}{15}m + \frac{1}{2} = 10.1$	$\mathbf{E} \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{k} \cdot \frac{2t}{\mathcal{F}} & -\mathbf{k} \cdot \frac{5t}{\mathcal{F}} \\ \end{bmatrix} + \mathbf{k} \cdot \frac{2}{\mathcal{F}} = \mathbf{k} \cdot \frac{11}{\mathcal{F}}$	$T] \frac{4}{6} \frac{5x}{6} \frac{4}{8} \frac{3}{8} \frac{4x}{9} \frac{x}{3} \frac{4x}{3} \frac{x}{4}$
3m + 6.4 - 2m + 10 = 30	4.2+-3.5++4.2=2.11	4.5x-3.3+3.x= 8.x+6.1
m + 3/2 = 3 =	8+-15++8 =22	$20_{x-9+3x=} 8_{x+4}$
- 34 - 34	-7++8 = 22 -8 -8	$23 \times -9 = 8 \times +6$ -8 \times -8 \times
m = -4	-7+=14	15x-9=6 +7 +9
	t=-2	$\frac{15x}{15} = 15$
		X =1

2. Solve each equation below:

$a) lo. \frac{x}{2} + \frac{4}{5} = \frac{4}{5} \frac{23}{10} - lo.x \qquad \qquad$	b) $\frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{1}{8} = 9x + \frac{5}{8}$ LCD = 8
$5x + 2 \cdot 4 = 1 \cdot 23 - 10x$ 5x + 8 = 23 - 10x +10x	$-\frac{4}{4} - 1 = \frac{8}{4} + 5$
15x + 8 = 23 -8 -8	-1 = 12x + 5 -5 -5
$\frac{15x}{15} = \frac{15}{15}$	$\frac{-6}{12} = \frac{12x}{12}$
x =1	-646 1246 ×
	$x = \frac{-1}{2}$
c) 5 $6 = \frac{3}{5}(a-7)$	$d) = -5 \times 3$
30 = -3(q-7)	(P+2) = -15
30 = -3a + 2/ -2/ -2/	P+2 = -15 -2 -2 P = -12
$\frac{9}{-3} = \frac{-3a}{-3}$	
-3=0	
a = -3	
$e^{3x+5}_{5} = 12.5$	$\int_{a}^{3} \frac{3(s-4)}{4} = \frac{4}{2} \frac{2(s-3)}{2} \qquad \text{LCD} = 12$
3x+5 = 60	$\hat{q}(s-4) = \hat{8}(s-3)$
$\frac{3x}{3x} = 55$	$9_{5}-36 = 8_{5}-2y$ -85 -85
3 3	5-36 = -24
$x = \frac{\pi}{3}$	+36 +36
	(S = 12)